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National PREA Resource Center Mission

The mission of the PRC is to assist adult prisons and jails, juvenile facilities, lockups, community confinement, and tribal facilities in their efforts to eliminate sexual abuse by increasing their capacity for prevention, detection, monitoring, responses to incidents, and services to victims and their families.

Logistics

Technical support

- Please contact the ZoomPro webinar support line at (888) 799-9666 select "2" when prompted to get support with technical difficulties.
- When asked please provide the webinar ID (845-9220-3846) so they know which event is associated with your technical issues.
- If you have trouble using this function, please contact **Ramses Prashad**: <u>rprashad@impactjustice.org</u>.



Logistics

Submitting questions

- To submit a question during the webinar, use the **Q&A feature** on your webinar toolbar, as seen below.
- Presenters will address the questions at the end of the presentation.



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Purpose of the Standard

To ensure that the first security staff member to respond to an allegation or report of sexual abuse will address the victim's immediate safety and maintain security and control over the crime scene so that any physical evidence is preserved until an investigator arrives. Investigators will then have access to evidence that has not been accidentally or negligently compromised or destroyed, which will safeguard the quality of the investigation.



Standard requirements

§ 115.64, 115.164, 115.264, 115.364

- a) Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, **the first security staff member** to respond to the report **shall be required** to:
 - 1. Separate the alleged victim and abuser;
 - 2. **Preserve and protect** any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence;



Standard requirements (cont.)

§ 115.64, 115.164, 115.264, 115.364

- 3. If the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, **request that the alleged victim** not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating; and
- 4. If the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, PREA or eating.

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Standard requirements (cont.)

\S 115.64, 115.164, 115.264, 115.364

b) **If the first staff responder is not a security staff member**, the responder shall be required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, and then notify security staff.



Implementation – staff first responders

- All **security staff must be trained** on the required duties of a first responder.
- The first security staff person at the scene of any sexual abuse, either because that person witnessed the abuse or received a report of the abuse, must always:
 - Physically separate the alleged victim and abuser.
 - Preserve and protect the crime scene by closing or blocking off the area as much as possible, prohibiting unauthorized persons from entering, and not touching or removing anything from the scene.
 - Security staff should be trained that evidence should only be collected by a trained investigator in accordance with Standard 115.34.

Implementation – staff responders (cont.)

- If the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, the first security staff person at the scene must also take the following steps to ensure that any physical evidence is not destroyed:
 - Alleged victim: As appropriate to the abuse that occurred, request that the alleged victim not shower/bathe, brush their teeth, change clothes, urinate, defecate, smoke, drink, or eat. Victims may want to engage in these activities after being abused and staff should explain why they are requesting that they not engage in these activities so that evidence may be collected. However, the victim should retain the ability to decide how to proceed.



Implementation – staff responders (cont.)

- Alleged abuser: As appropriate to the abuse that occurred, ensure that the alleged abuser does not shower/bathe, brush their teeth, change clothes, urinate, defecate, smoke, drink, or eat.
 - Staff must ensure that an alleged abuser who is a confined person does not have the opportunity to destroy evidence. For example, this can involve placing an alleged abuser in a "dry cell" without access to a sink or a toilet, and not providing food, drink, or extra clothing to ensure that they do not destroy evidence. If this type of restriction is necessary, trained investigators should endeavor to collect any physical evidence promptly to avoid lengthy restrictions.
 - Alleged abusers who are not confined persons must also be prevented from destroying physical evidence. For example, this can mean escorting the person to an appropriate location and supervising them to prevent the destruction of any evidence.

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Implementation – non-security responders

If the first staff responder is non-security staff, they must:

- **Request** that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating.
- Notify security staff, who will then be required to fulfill the required first responder duties for security staff.





- Ensuring that all security staff are prepared to perform the required first responder duties.
- Ensuring that security staff are regularly trained on and understand the time period that allows for the collection of physical evidence, specifically DNA evidence which has a finite time frame of viability in which to collect the evidence.



Challenges (cont.)

- Ensuring that staff effectively explain to alleged victims why it is important to refrain from doing activities that they would otherwise want to do, such as washing, urinating, or defecating.
- Ensuring that any physical evidence is collected by trained investigators or other qualified individuals as quickly as possible from both the alleged victim and the alleged abuser.



Best practices

- Facilities often include additional duties for first responders after they have fulfilled the specified duties. These include requiring first responders to notify a supervisor or request that another staff member notifies a supervisor; and completing an incident report once the scene is secured and steps have been taken to preserve physical evidence.
- Some facilities have provided all staff with laminated pocket cards that list the first responder duties to ensure that all steps are followed in what can often be a stressful or chaotic situation following a sexual assault in the facility.
 Such cards should not be relied upon, however, when being interviewed by the PREA auditor; staff should be able to describe to an auditor their first responder duties without referencing cards such as these.



Best practices (cont.)



 Security staff first responders should be provided with regular refresher training regarding their role and duties under Standard 115.64. Mock drills or tabletop exercise scenarios are effective training tools to help ensure that staff can respond quickly and appropriately to abuse situations.





- The auditor will review any **written policies** regarding first responders.
- The auditor will rely on **staff interviews** to ensure that each staff member understands and is prepared to fulfill the duties of a first responder.
- The auditor may **interview incarcerated individuals** who have reported sexual abuse about how the first security staff on the scene responded.



115.64 Standard variations - None

The following variations in the standard are noted for **Lockups, Community Confinement Facilities, and Juvenile Facilities.** The variations are discussed in summary fashion below, but readers are encouraged to consult the full text of the specific set of standards to ensure a complete understanding of the differences.

- Lockups: No differences.
- Community Confinement: No differences.
- Juvenile: No differences.

Resources

Frequently Asked Questions:

https://www.prearesourcecenter.org/frequently-asked-questions

The Department of Justice has issued extensive guidance regarding first responder duties. Visit the PREA Resource Center's FAQ page and search under Standard 115.64 for the many related FAQ responses provided by the Department of Justice. The FAQs to date are as follows:

• August 23, 2014. Can inmate peer educators be used to deliver the inmate information and education requirements of Standard 115.33? If so, under what circumstances and are there any limitations?

https://www.prearesourcecenter.org/frequently-asked-questions/can-inmate-peereducators-be-used-deliver-inmate-information-and



PRC Library

PREA refresher

 "Prisons & Jails PREA Refresher #9 – Reporting Knowledge, Suspicion, or Information" (also available for community confinement and juvenile facilities): <u>https://www.prearesourcecenter.org/training-and-technical-assistance/prea-refreshers</u>



PRC Library

- "PREA employee training notification of curriculum utilization"
 - Unit 3, part II on response and reporting of sexual abuse and sexual harassment: <u>https://www.prearesourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/content/unit_3.2_lesson_plan.pdf</u>



PRC Library

- First responder & victim of abuse role play activity facilitator sheet
 - <u>https://www.prearesourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/content/first_respon</u> <u>der_role_pla y_activty_-facilitator_sheet.pdf</u>
- Module 6: First response and evidence collection: the foundation for successful investigations curriculum | PREA (prearesourcecenter.org)
 - <u>https://www.prearesourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/content/investigatio</u> ns_presentation_mod_6_first_response_evidence_collection.pdf



115.64 Staff and agency reporting duties

PRC Library

- Providing a coordinated, victim-centered response to reports of corrections-based sexual assault | PREA (prearesourcecenter.org)
 - <u>https://www.prearesourcecenter.org/resource/providing-coordinated-victim-</u> <u>centeredresponse-reports-corrections-based-sexual-assault</u>

Additional Training Resources

Always check the following sources for excellent training on PREA:

- National Institute of Corrections
 <u>nicic.gov/training/prea</u>
- End Silence: The Project on Addressing Prison Rape <u>www.wcl.american.edu/endsilence</u>



Questions & Answers



PRC library

	NATIONAL PREA RESOURCE CENTER Above	ut Implementation Lil	orary Audit DOJ I
Filter Reset All Facility Community Confinement Juvenile Facility	Resource libr	ary	Sort by Dot
Lockup Facility	8	8	
Prisons and Jails	Documentation Requirements - Juvenile PREA Standards	TOOL: AUDIT Documentation Requirements - Prisons and Jail PREA Standards	Power Hour: Chat with a PREA Expert on Standard 115.32
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Term	STANDARDS: Al	AI	STANDARDS: 115.32
I Search	FACILITY: TERMS: Juvenile Pacility Audit Audit Instrument (+1)	PACILITY: TERMS: Prisons and Jalls Compliance Audit (+1)	PACILITY: TERMS: Community Volunteers Continement Contractors Juvenile Pacility (+2) (+2)
Publication			
Feotured Resource	VEBINAR PRC Website Revision: Overview and Q&A	Developing a PREA- Compliant Language Access Plan for Incarcerated	Audit Report Template - Juvenile Facilities
	None	STANDARDS:	STANDARDS: 115.401
Keyword Search Q		PACILITY: TERMS: Community Accessibility Confinement Limited English	PACILITY: TERMS: Juvenile Pacility Audit Audit Instrument (+2)

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Request Assistance

Request for assistance

Please fill out the form below in order to request PREA-related training and/or technical assistance for your jurisdiction or agency. The more detail provided in your request will improve the PREA Resource Center's (PRC) ability to meet your needs. For jurisdictions less familiar with PREA, the PRC would encourage you to browse the resources on the Where to begin page. If your jurisdiction has general questions or comments for the PRC you can communicate those through the Contact us form.

Library

To submit information on complaints or concerns about the conduct of a DOJ-certified PREA auditor, please refer to the Auditor feedback form.

The PRC collects the information below in order to efficiently route and respond to inquiries. While all fields are not required, please fill out as much information as possible so that we may better assist you.

Request assistance

Jurisdictions can request assistance by completing a web form on the PRC website under the "Implementation" tab and clicking "Request for assistance" under "Training."

Mailing List Signup

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Sign up for our PRC Newsletter

Jurisdictions can sign up for the PRC Newsletter by completing a web form on the PRC website under the "How to use this site" tab and going to "Frequently Asked Questions" and clicking "Subscribe to our newsletter."

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For more information about the National PREA Resource Center, visit <u>www.prearesourcecenter.org</u>.

To ask a question, please visit our <u>Contact us</u> page.



Thank you!



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